N3K Expert Webinar Series

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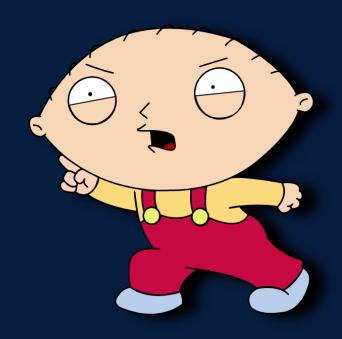
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- Online Etiquette (microphones, distracting activities)
- Recording and Privacy

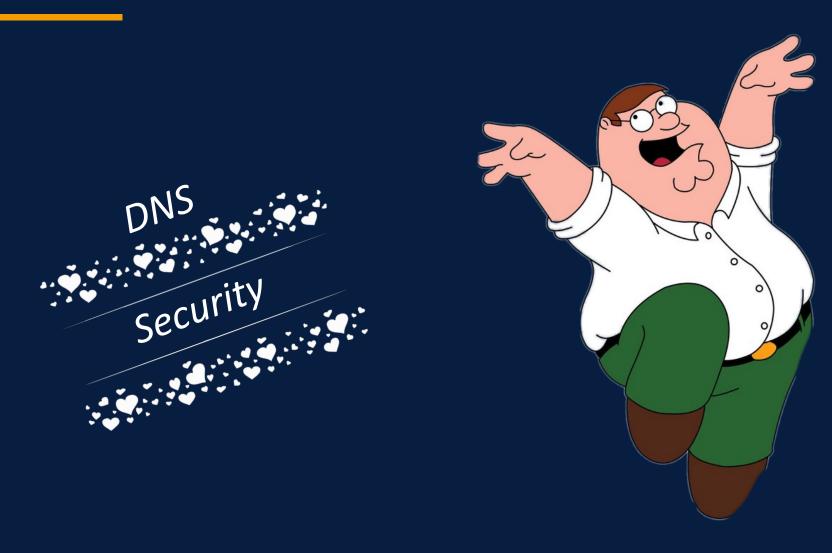






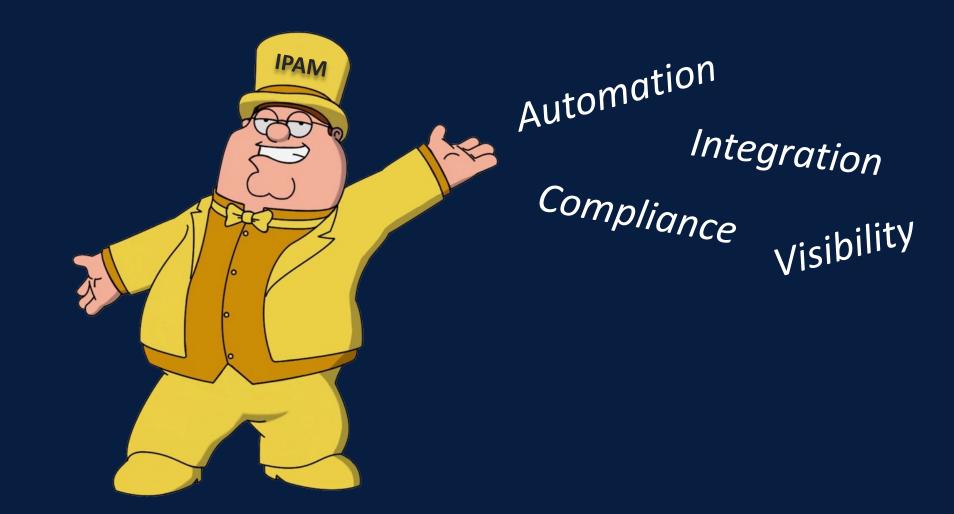
DDI's Sandwich Child





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DHCP Stability, Reliability & Security at Risk



- Rogue (unauthorized) DHCP Servers
- DHCP Exhaustion Attacks (denial-of-service for legitimate clients)
- DHCP Snooping Evasion (bypass snooping mechanisms)
- DHCP Message Tampering (manipulate messages for unauthorized access or traffic redirection)
- Unauthorized DHCP Options (distribute malicious configurations or redirect traffic)



Disaster & Human Error Defences

- Geographic Provisioning of DHCP against natural & unnatural Disasters (earthquakes, hurricanes, floods, terrorist attacks, acts of war)
- Periodic User Trainings & Communication
- Roles & Responsibilities clearly enumerated and understood
- Change Control Meetings among relevant Stakeholders
- IPAM System to identify & correct potential Config. Errors
- Audit Logging to enable Review



Hardware & Operating System

- Physical Access (unplug, disconnect, console access)
- Updates & Patches for known Vulnerabilities (OS & Service)
- Protect Control Channel from unauthorized Access
- **Permissions** to Servers, Directories & Files containing DHCP Config.
- Monitoring of Logs (OS & Service)



DHCP Monitoring

- Monitoring of the Service itself (status, version, patch level, connectivity, utilisation, probe, failover, etc.)
- Syncing Logs into Security Management Platform (further Investigation of single and groups of DHCP requests)



DHCP Configuration

- Host Declaration (known & unknown clients)
- Class-based Address Allocation (user, vendor, vendor-specific, fingerprint)
- Zone Declaration for direct dynamic DNS Updates
- **OMAPI** Port & Key (if used)
- Monitoring of Configuration Changes



First-Hop Security

- DHCP Snooping validates & filters DHCPOFFER/DHCPACK/DHCPNAK Messages from untrusted Sources
- IP Source Guard validates & filters Sources of DHCP Client Traffic
- DHCPv6 Guard blocks Reply/Advertisement Messages from unauthorized Servers and Relay Agents
- **RA Guard** blocks or rejects unwanted or rogue Router Advertisements
- Integration with NAC can enforce Policies and ensure Compliance for authorized Devices



DHCP Fingerprinting

- Identify and categorize Network Devices based on unique Set of DHCP Options requested
- **Recognize Device Type** without manual Intervention
- Apply Security Policies based on Device Type
- Permit or deny Network Access to Devices based on NAC Integration
- **Backtrack Network Activity** to specific Device Types in forensic Analysis



DHCP Lease Policy

- Define Lease Times based on Network Size, Device Turnover and Usage Patterns
- Aggressive Renewal Times for mobile/transient Devices to ensure frequent Check-ins & Policy Compliance
- Utilize reserved Leases for critical Infrastructure to guarantee Availability & consistent Network Configuration
- Plan for DHCP Failover Scenarios to maintain Service Continuity
- Purge unused Leases to reclaim IP Addresses and reduce the Chance of IP Conflicts
- Ensure Lease Assignments & Renewals are logged for Auditing, Troubleshooting & Security Monitoring



DHCP Forensics and Incident Response

- Monitor DHCP Logs for unusual Patterns (rapid lease requests, unexpected lease denials, unexpected MACs)
- Examine DHCP Lease History to identify suspicious Activities (e.g. multiple leases to the same MAC)
- Correlate DHCP Logs with other Security Events (cross-reference DHCP data with other security tools)
- Map IP Addresses to MAC Addresses for Device Identification during an Investigation
- Analyse Lease Timestamps to establish Timelines of Events (understanding sequence of an attack)
- Ensure DHCP Logs are preserved in secure Manner
- Develop Profiles of normal Network Behaviour to identify Anomalies easier



Legislation and Compliance

- Ensure DHCP Logs are managed in Compliance with Privacy Regulations that govern Personal Data Handling ٠
- Adhere to Industry Security Standards which require secure Network Systems (e.g. PCI-DSS¹) ٠
- Follow Cybersecurity Frameworks like NIST² Guidelines ٠
- **Periodic Assessments** of DHCP Configurations to ensure ongoing Compliance ٠
- Have an Incident Response Plan that includes DHCP-related Breaches (e.g. CIRCIA³) ۲
- Integrate DHCP Security into the Risk Management Framework (e.g. ISO/IEC 27001⁴) ٠
- Ensure DHCP Practices meet Requirements of international Regulations (e.g. ITU-T X-series⁵) ٠

¹ Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard

² National Institute of Standards and Technology ³ Cyber Incident Reporting for Critical Infrastructure Act

⁴ International Organization for Standardization and International Electrotechnical Commission

⁵ Telecommunication Standardization Sector of the International Telecommunication Union



Authentication

- Authentication Option¹ for DHCP Messages (RFC 3118)
- Authenticate Identity of DHCP Participants
- Verify that Content of DHCP Message hasn't been changed during Delivery
- **Backward Compatibility** with existing Clients, Servers & Relay Agents
- Authentication via Kerberos, Token (plain text) or shared Secret (per client)
- DHCP Server and Relay Agent Authentication Suboption (RFC 4030)



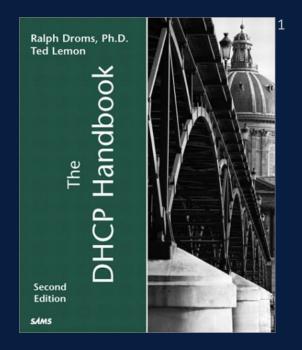
DHCPv6 Security

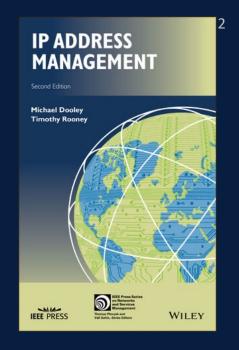
- DHCPv6 Security Considerations (RFC 8415 Section 22)
- IETF Draft for end-to-end Encryption of DHCPv6¹

¹https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/draft-ietf-dhc-sedhcpv6-21

Greedy for more?





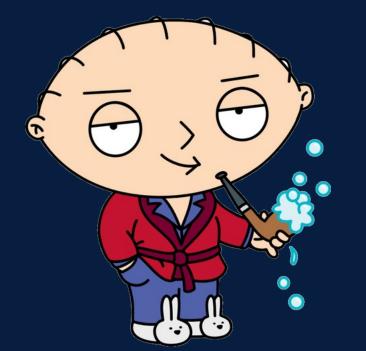




¹ https://www.pearson.ch/Informatik/SamsPublishing/EAN/9780672323270/DHCP-Handbook-The ² https://www.wiley.com/en-us/IP+Address+Management,+2nd+Edition-p-9781119692270 ³ https://www.n3k.com/experten-webinar-reihe-mit-andreas-taudte-mr-ddi







Thank You for Your Participation!

Looking forward to more exciting Webinars in 2024.

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Thank you for your Time.

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